





Risk Rating 2.0: Bottom Line Up Front

- Rates are changing to reflect flood risk more accurately.
- Rates will be specific to each individual property's geographic location and building characteristics.
- Some existing policy holders will see rate decreases while others will see rate increases
- Timeline:
 - October 1, 2021: Risk Rating 2.0 takes effect for new policy holders.
 - April 1, 2022: Risk Rating 2.0 takes effect for existing policy holders.



Let's see a show of hands...

- How many people are aware of Risk Rating 2.0?
- How often does flood insurance come up in your business?
 - Almost always
 - Frequently
 - Rarely
- Do you have the information you need to talk with your clients about flood insurance?





Understanding Flood Risk - Myths & Facts

Myth #1

- Myth: "I don't live in a flood zone."
- <u>Fact:</u> Everyone lives in a flood zone.
 - Floods are the #1 natural disaster in the United States
 - If it can rain, it can flood
 - Flood risk does not stop at a line on a flood map









Understanding Flood Risk - Myths & Facts

Myth #2

- Myth: "I'm already covered—my homeowners policy covers flooding."
- <u>Fact:</u> Most insurance policies do not cover flooding; only flood insurance covers flood damage.







Understanding Flood Risk - Myths & Facts

Myth #3

- Myth: "If a flood happens, disaster assistance will cover me."
- Fact: Disaster assistance facts:
 - Only available if the President declares a Federal disaster.
 - You must qualify.
 - Typically given in the form of a loan that must be repaid, with interest.







National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)



- Provides flood insurance to homeowners, renters, and business owners
- Written by insurance agencies through about 65 companies or direct with the NFIP (rates and coverage are the same for all agents)
- Created by Congress in 1968
- Administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
- Available in 22,200+ participating communities
 - PA currently has 2,474 NFIP participating communities. That is more than 10% of the national total





What is a Flood?

Inundation of:

- Two or more properties, or
- Two or more acres of normally dry land

Caused by:

- Overflow of inland or tidal waters;
- Unusual, rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.....







Value of Insurance in a Disaster

WV June Flooding 2016



Richwood, WV

VA Hurricane Matthew 2016

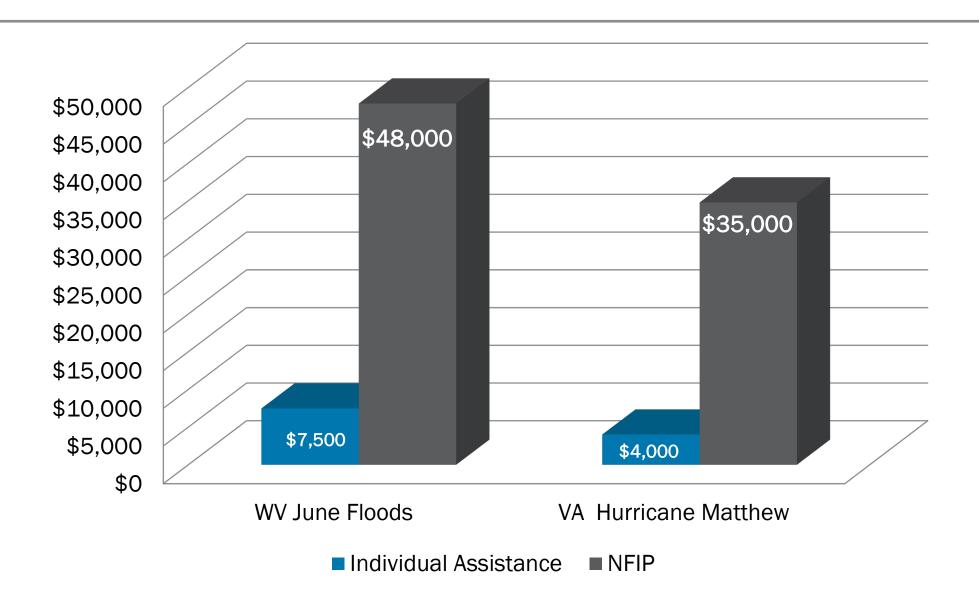


Virginia Beach, VA





More Money for Insured Survivors



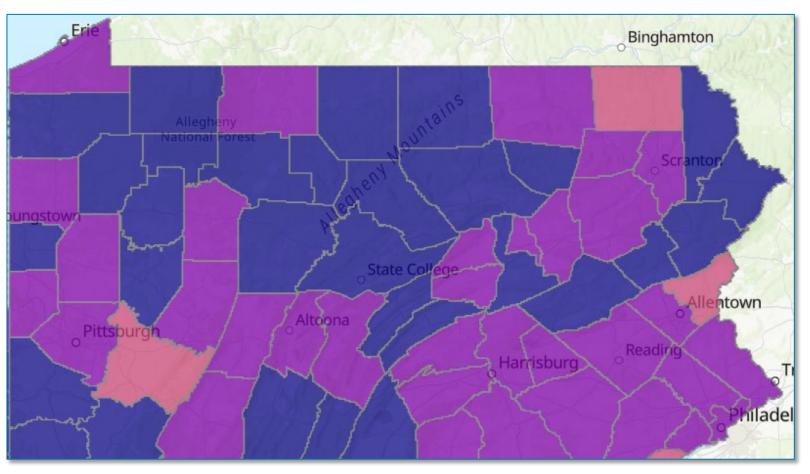
Pennsylvania State Facts & Trends

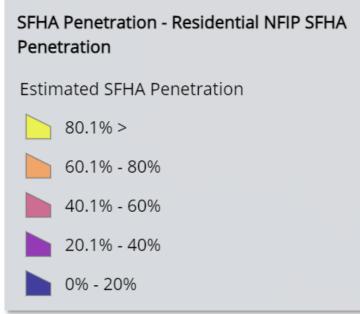
- Most policies are for structures built before the NFIP started:
 - o 35,589 pre-FIRM contracts
 - 13,886 post-FIRM contracts
- Decline in Policies:
 - 49,475 NFIP policies in the State as of August 31
 - Decrease of 1,883 (3.7%) over the past year.
 - Decrease of 21.8% in last 5 years
- Preferred Risk Policies:
 - 16,428 about 33% of State total. Consistent with the national trend (36%)
- Luzerne County has the highest number of policies over 5,500.
 - This is more than 1.5x the next highest county (Bucks).





Percent of Homes with NFIP Coverage in SFHA





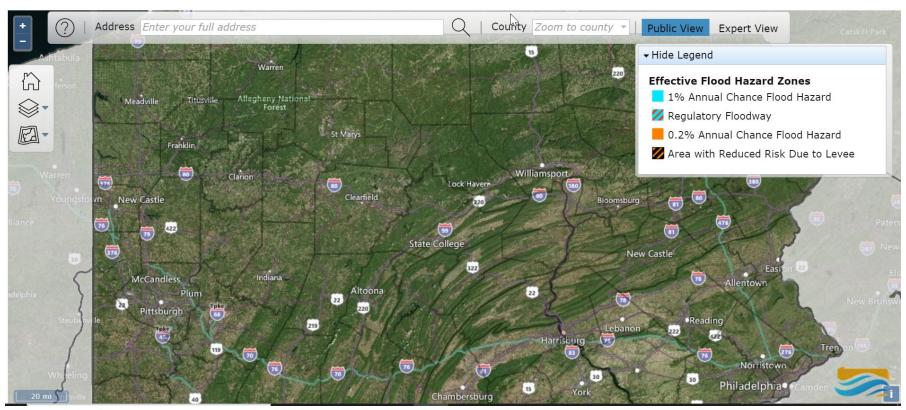
National average is 30%. That means a lot of people are vulnerable.





Pennsylvania Flood Risk App (www.pafloodrisk.psu.edu)

New Pennsylvania specific mapping application to view flood risk



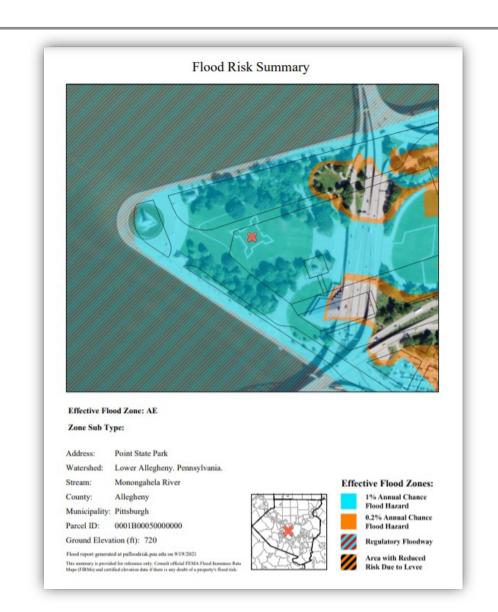




Pennsylvania Flood Risk App (www.pafloodrisk.psu.edu)

- Works similar to other mapping applications
- Risk Summary Report feature (pdf):
 - Location/Address
 - Flood Zone / Sub Type
 - Parcel ID (if available)
 - Ground Elevation









"Based on FEMA's nationwide analysis, Risk Rating 2.0 will help ensure NFIP policyholders pay a rate proportionate to their property risk. The new initiative will also help FEMA identify and target mitigation grant dollars to the highest risk properties."

NAR includes 1.4 million brokers, salespeople, property managers, appraisers, counselors, and others engaged in all aspects of the real estate industry.

Why Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action



RESPONSIBILITY: FEMA has the statutory mandate to set actuarially sound rates and clearly communicate risk.



EQUITY: Individuals will no longer pay more than their share in flood insurance premiums based on the value of their homes. Roughly 2/3 of policyholders with older pre-FIRM homes will see a premium decrease.



SUSTAINABILITY: Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action sets the NFIP on a path to become more financially resilient.





Moving from Zone to Individual Rating

Current Rating System

Same zone = same price



Risk Rating 2.0

Same zone but price reflects distance to river



Flooding doesn't stop at a line on a map

Current Rating System

Insurance price changes dramatically at map line



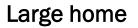
Risk Rating 2.0

Insurance price changes gradually at map line



Risk Rating 2.0 is Fairer

- Different size homes with the same flood risk.
- Current system:
 - Insurance premium = same cost for the same amount of coverage.
 - Insurance payout after flood = much bigger for the new home because the flood causes more damage to a larger home.
- Under Risk Rating 2.0:
 - Insurance premium = lower premium for the same coverage if you have a smaller home (replace cost value is factored into premium)
 - Insurance payout after a flood = payout is more proportional to premium.



Small home



Photo source: <u>keepthrifty.com</u>

Replacement Cost Value is Part of RR2.0

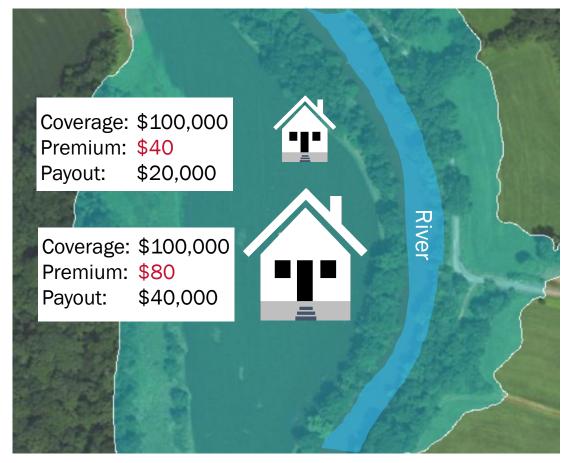
Current Rating System

Replacement cost **is not** factored into the premium

Coverage: \$100,000 Premium: \$50 Payout: \$20,000 River Coverage: \$100,000 Premium: \$50 \$40,000 Payout:

Risk Rating 2.0

Replacement cost is factored into the premium



Note: numbers are not based on actual premiums. They are for illustrative purposes only.

No Elevation Certificates Necessary

Scenario: Homebuyer is purchasing a home in the SFHA built after the Flood Insurance Rate Map (post-FIRM):

- Homebuyer is required to purchase flood insurance. Mandatory purchase comes up near settlement date.
- Buyer calls agent about flood insurance.
- Current System:
 - Buyer often scrambles to get elevation certificate by closing.
 - Or, insurance agent provide a provisional rate at higher premium until buyer gets elevation certificate.
- Risk Rating 2.0:
 - Buyer provides home address. Insurance agent provides a quote.
 - Buyer does not have to purchase an elevation certificate, nor pay higher provisional rates.





New premiums will reflect a property's unique flood risk

Existing Rating Methodology

FEMA-sourced data

Rating Variables

- Flood Insurance Rate Map Zone
- Base Flood Elevation
- Foundation Type
- Structural Elevation (Special Flood Hazard Area Only)

1% Annual Chance of Flooding (Frequency)

Fees and Surcharges



Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action Methodology*

FEMA-sourced data

Additional data sources: Federal governmentsourced data, commercially available third-party

Cost to Rebuild

Rating Variables

- Distance to Coast/Ocean/River
- River Class
- Flood type Fluvial/Pluvial
- Ground Elevation
- First Floor Height
- Construction Type/Foundation Type

Broader Range of Flood Frequencies

Fees and Surcharges

*Additional variables are not shown here

Phased Implementation

October 1, 2021

All NEW policies will be rated with RR2.0 Full Risk Rates.

April 1, 2022

- All customers will know their RR2.0 Full Risk Rate
- Policyholders with cost increase will start to see gradual increases to full Risk Rates.
- Any existing policy that costs LESS under RR2.0 will receive the reduced rate.

RR2.0 Applies to All Policy Types



Existing single-family home policies



Existing multi-unit home policies



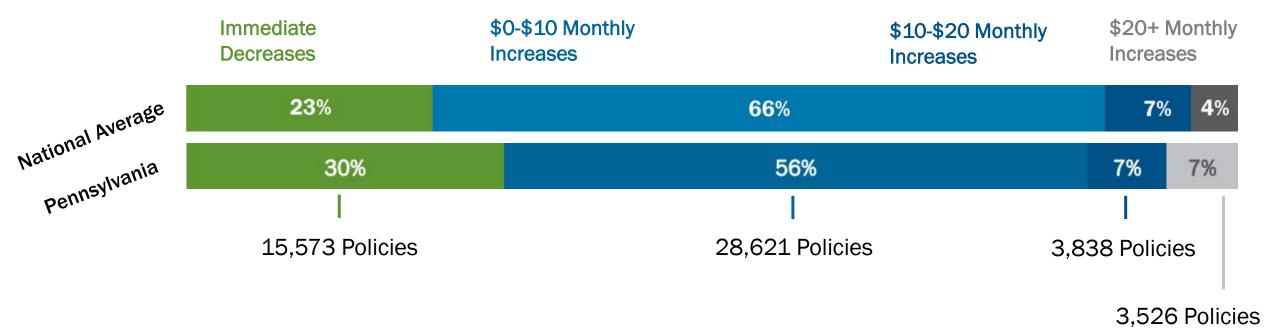
Existing commercial property policies





Risk Rating 2.0: Pennsylvania vs National Average

In PA, 93% of current policy holders in PA will either see premiums decrease or increase by \$20 or less per month.

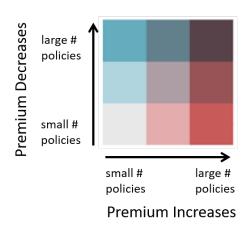


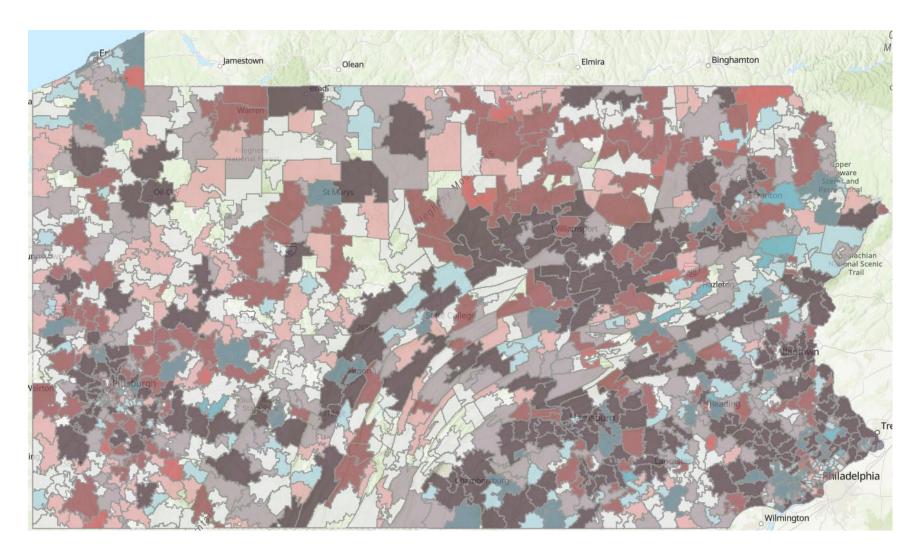




Risk Rating 2.0 Changes in Pennsylvania

Count of policies with monthly increases of \$10 or more by zip code compared with decreases of \$10 or more.



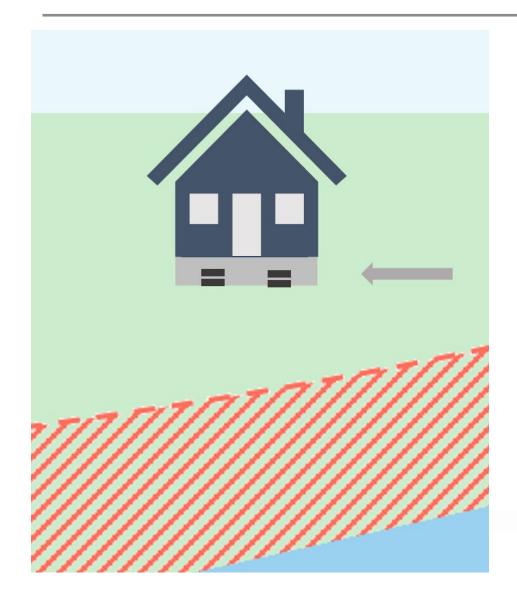


Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action — What Is Not Changing

- Statutory rate caps on annual premium increases
- Availability of premium discounts
- Transfers of policy discounts to new homeowners
- Use of Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) for mandatory purchase and Floodplain Management
- Availability of premium discounts for Community Rating System (CRS) participation



Mitigation Credits: Flood Openings



Legacy Pricing:

Taken into consideration for rating in A zones only.

New Pricing:

- Taken into consideration in all flood zones.
 Specific credit varies based on the foundation type and first floor height.
- All enclosures and crawlspaces that are below the first flood need to have compliant flood openings to receive the credit.

Mitigation Credits: Machinery & Equipment Elevated

Legacy Pricing:

 May be considered to determine the Lowest Floor Elevation, which can impact the rate.



New Pricing:

- No surcharge applied; instead, determined for a 5%.
 Discount applied when all M&E is located above the first floor: *
 - Slab on Grade: M&E must be located above the first floor. For single-story homes, must be elevated in the attic. Taken into consideration in all flood zones.
 Specific credit varies based on the foundation type and first floor height.
 - Basement: M&E must be located on the first floor.
 - Crawlspace: M&E must be located in the attic (singlestory homes) or on the second floor.
 - All other foundation types: M&E must be located above the first floor.

*Subject to change.

Mitigation Credits: Community Rating System

Legacy Pricing:

 CRS discount differs if a structure is inside or outside the SFHA. Discount is more if the property is in the SFHA and less if it is outside of it.

New Pricing:

- CRS discount applies to all structures in a qualifying community – regardless of whether the structure is inside or outside of the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA).
- The discount will be a flat percentage based on the CRS class with no difference for flood zone.



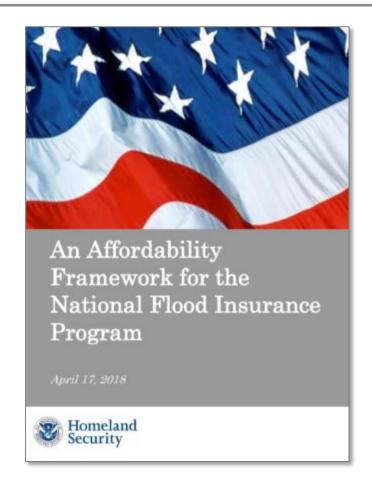
Region 3 CRS Plaque Presentation





Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action — Affordability Framework

- Using the 2018 Affordability Framework as a guide, continue to explore ways to improve ongoing affordability issues within the limits of FEMA's statutory authority
- Ensure new rates under Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action comply with all statutory rate increases established by Congress
- Engage with Congress to reduce barriers to purchasing flood insurance







Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action — Learn More

Explore more about Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action by visiting www.fema.gov/nfiptransformation.

Available Products and Resources

- Risk Rating 2.0: Equity in Action Fact Sheet
- Video: Defining a
 Property's Unique Flood
 Risk

- National Rate Analysis
- State Profiles
- ZIP Code-Level Data
- County-Level Data

- Methodology Data Source
- Premium CalculationWorksheet Examples
- Appendix D Rating Factors

For additional questions, please contact <u>FEMA-RiskRating2-Action@fema.dhs.gov</u>.





Risk Rating 2.0 & Home Sales

- A prospective buyer can obtain a flood insurance quote to assist with their overall financial considerations
- The cost of a "Mandatory Purchase" flood insurance policy can be determined earlier in the loan underwriting process.
- A seller may still transfer title of their flood insurance policy to a buyer. This will avoid potential loss of discounts.
- Elevation certificates are no longer required for insurance rating.







What to do:

Identify the flood risk

- Check online at <u>MSC.FEMA.gov</u> or community website
- Check with community if new flood maps are planned, and if so, when they may be effective
- First Street Foundation mapping on real estate websites like Redfin

Share information early

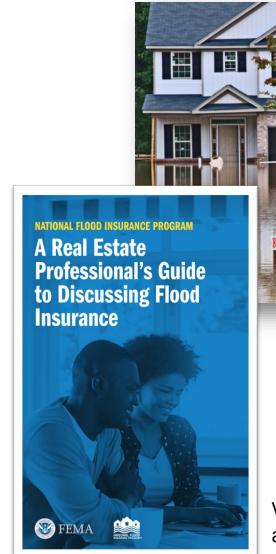
 Encourage your sellers to disclose flood risk and share policy and elevation certificate

Stress the value of flood insurance

- Important to financial security
- Talk options with their insurance agent







Visit: agents.floodsmart.gov

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Thank you.